

Fractions as Lengths

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Strengthening Tomorrow's Education
in Measurement (STEM) Project



MICHIGAN STATE
UNIVERSITY

Introductions

We are all

Ph.D. students in mathematics education at Michigan State

and all work for

Strengthening Tomorrow's Education in Measurement (STEM) Project:

Eryn – 3 yrs. Nic – 4 yrs. Dan – 5 yrs.

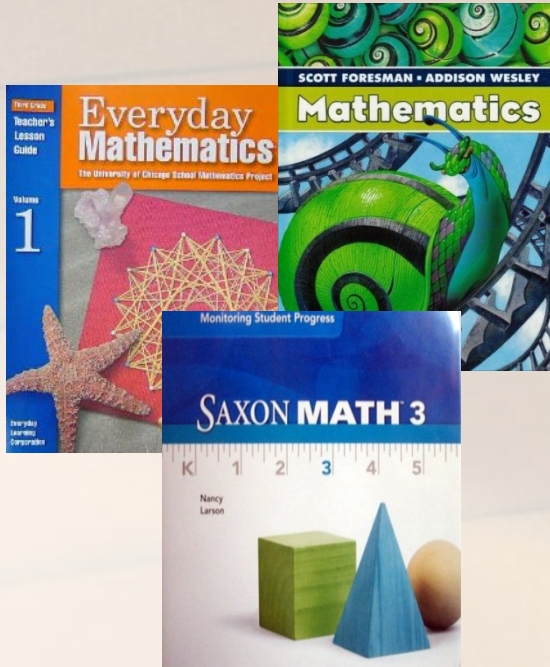
Eryn Stehr – Taught content courses in Mathematics and for Elementary Education majors.

Nic Gilbertson – Taught MS & HS math, and methods courses in Elementary Education.

Dan Clark – Taught psychology, mathematics, mathematics content courses for teachers, and teacher education courses.

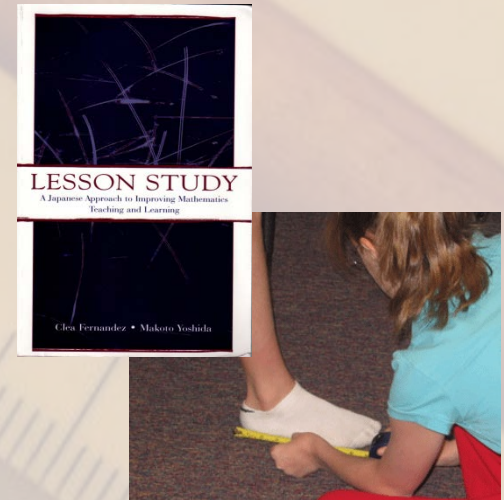
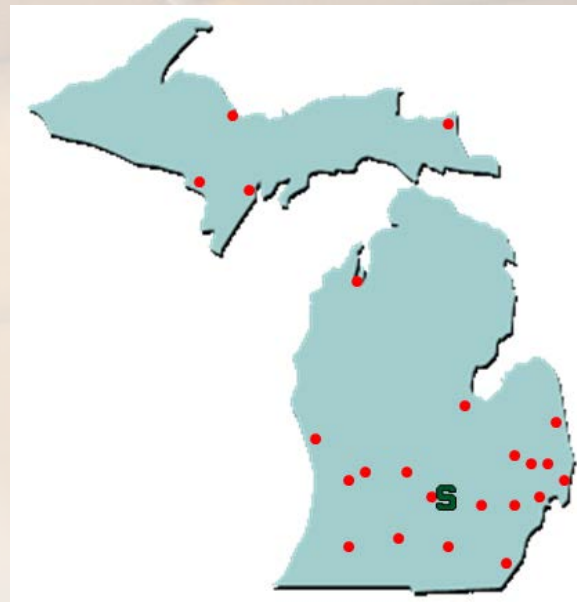
Who is STEM?

Strengthening Tomorrow's Education in Measurement



Elementary
Curriculum Analysis of
Spatial Measurement
– Length, Area,
Volume

Professional
Development work
with 33 facilitators in
23 regions



Research &
Development
work with Elem.
Math Methods
students and
instructors at
MSU

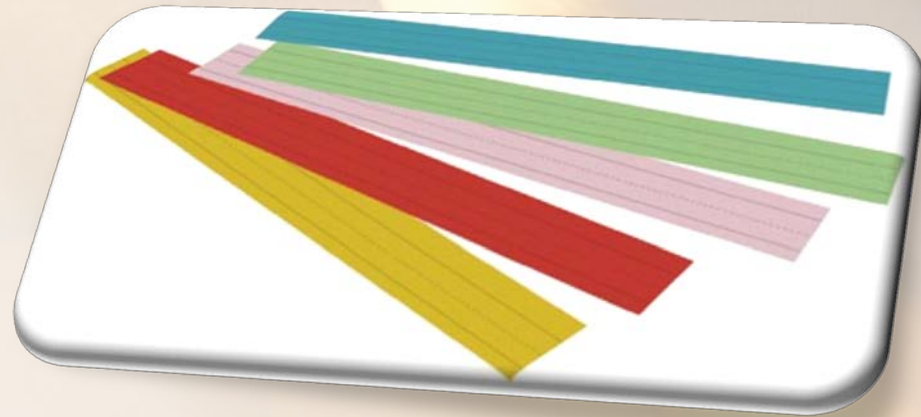
The background of the slide features a close-up, slightly blurred image of a wooden ruler and a pencil. The ruler is positioned diagonally, with markings and numbers visible. The pencil is also oriented diagonally, overlapping the ruler. The overall color palette is warm, with shades of yellow, orange, and brown.

What this session is about...

If students are going to understand the **number line** in rich and meaningful ways, they should understand how numbers represent accumulated **quantities of lengths.**

What we are going to be doing...

Explore connections between **fraction operations and representations** using a length model.



The background of the slide features a close-up, slightly blurred image of a yellow pencil tip pointing towards the bottom left. A white ruler with black markings is positioned diagonally across the frame, with the numbers '4', '2', and '1' visible. The overall color palette is warm, dominated by yellows and oranges.

Our goal for this session...

Walk out with a better understanding of one (possibly **new**) way of thinking about **connecting fractions and measurement.**

Fraction in CCSSM

- **Grades 1&2:** Intuitive understanding of fraction
- **Grade 3:** Meaning & representation of fraction
- **Grade 4:** Fraction operations (+, -, x)
- **Grade 5:** Fraction operations (+, -, x, \div)
- **Grade 6:** Fraction operation ($\frac{\quad}{\quad}$, \div)

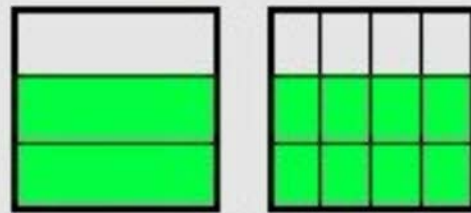
**For more details on CCSSM fraction standards, check out:

- <http://msu.edu/~stemproj>
- <http://commoncoretools.me/tools/>
- <http://turnonccmath.net/>

Using measurement to learn fractions

- Using measurement model to make sense of certain fraction procedures:

Using an area model to show that $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4 \times 2}{4 \times 3}$



- Using measurement as a context to make sense of the fraction operation:

Jim has $\frac{3}{4}$ of a yard of string which he wishes to divide into pieces, each $\frac{1}{8}$ of a yard long. How many pieces will he have?

$$\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{1}{8}$$

Representing Fractions as Numbers

- Break into groups of 3
- Using a length unit (sentence strip), represent the following quantities:
 - **Group member 1:** $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{4}{3}$, and $1\frac{2}{3}$
 - **Group member 2:** $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{5}{4}$, and $1\frac{3}{4}$
 - **Group member 3:** $\frac{4}{5}$, $\frac{6}{5}$, and $1\frac{4}{5}$
- Choose one representation to share out

Fraction Operations (Addition)

Using your length unit, represent the following **sums** as lengths:

A. $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}$

B. $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5}$

C. $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{3}$

D. $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3}$

Choose **one** and determine the length measurement.

Fraction Operations (Multiplication)

Using your length unit, represent the following **products** as lengths based on the unit:

A. $6 \cdot \frac{1}{3}$

B. $1\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3}$

Fraction Operations (Multiplication)

Using your length unit, represent the following **products** as lengths based on the unit:

A. $6 \cdot \frac{1}{3}$

B. $1\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3}$

Challenge Questions:

C. $\frac{3}{4} \cdot 2\frac{1}{3}$

D. $\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{9}{10}$

Fraction Operations (Division)

Using your length unit, represent the following **quotients** as lengths based on the unit:

A. $\frac{6}{5} \div \frac{2}{5}$

B. $\frac{6}{4} \div \frac{2}{4}$

What changes if we replace 6 by 7 in both questions?

Fraction Operations (Division)

Using your length unit, represent the following **quotients** as lengths based on the unit:

$$A. \frac{6}{5} \div \frac{2}{5}$$

$$B. \frac{7}{5} \div \frac{2}{5}$$

Challenge Questions:

$$C. \frac{7}{5} \div \frac{1}{10}$$

$$D. \frac{7}{10} \div \frac{1}{20}$$

We want to thank the National Science
Foundation for funding this work



Thank you for coming!

For more information : <http://www.msu.edu/~stemproj>

If you have any questions please e-mail us at:
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